Revision Date: 02/27/2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: WASP & HORNET KILLER - EPA# 706-109-82294 - E00024

Other means of identification

SDS number: RE1000000922

Recommended restrictions

Product use: Pesticide

Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: VICTORIA BAY PRODUCTS

Address: 255 ROUTE 1 & 9

JERSEY CITY, NJ 07306

Telephone: 800-226-3233

Fax:

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol Category 1

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Aspiration Hazard Category 1

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic Category 2

environment

Chronic hazards to the aquatic Category 2

environment

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Extremely flammable aerosol.

May cause cancer.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid release

to the environment.

Response: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT

induce vomiting. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Collect spillage.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	50 - <100%
2-Propanol	67-63-0	5 - <10%
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1 - <5%
Benzene, trimethyl-	25551-13-7	0.1 - <1%
Tetramethrin	7696-12-0	0.01 - <1%
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	98-82-8	0.1 - <1%
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	95-63-6	0.1 - <1%
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-	108-67-8	0.1 - <1%
Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-	526-73-8	0.1 - <1%

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never

give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so

that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin Contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Eye contact: Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with

water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: No data available.

Hazards: No data available.

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: No data available.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards:Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a

protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without

risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash

back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

No data available.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in

enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep

upwind.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container

for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures: Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop

the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you

can do so without risk.

Environmental Precautions: Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or

spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other

ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities:

Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after

use. Aerosol Level 3

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure	Limit Values	Source
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	REL		100 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light - Non-aerosol. - as total hydrocarbon vapor	TWA		200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA		200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
2-Propanol	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	200 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	REL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	400 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	5,000 ppm	•	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL		9,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	10,000 ppm	18,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	30,000 ppm	54,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Benzene, trimethyl-	TWA	25 ppm	125 mg/m2	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008) US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	25 ppm 25 ppm	125 mg/m3 125 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	TWA	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	(2016) US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
berizerie, 1,2,4-tilmetriyi-	REL	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-	REL	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	REL	50 ppm	245 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	PEL	50 ppm	245 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	50 ppm	245 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. ACGIH Notice of Intended Changes (NIC) to Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)

Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
2-Propanol (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift at end of work week.)	40 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used.

Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory and eye protection may be needed in special circumstances, such as poorly ventilated spaces, heating, evaporation of liquids from large surfaces, spraying of mists,

mechanical generation of dusts, drying of solids, etc.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection: No data available.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from

local supervisor.

Hygiene measures: Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash hands before breaks and

immediately after handling the product. When using do not smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: liquid

Form: Spray Aerosol
Color: No data available.
Odor: No data available.
Odor threshold: No data available.
PH: No data available.
Melting point/freezing point: No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available.

Flash Point: > 12 °C

Evaporation rate:No data available. **Flammability (solid, gas):**No data available.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%):

Flammability limit - lower (%):

No data available.

Explosive limit - upper (%):

No data available.

Explosive limit - lower (%):

No data available.

Vapor pressure: 6,205 - 758,420 hPa (20 °C)

Vapor density:No data available.Density:No data available.Relative density:No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water:
Solubility (other):
No data available.

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No data available.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

No data available.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat or contamination.

Incompatible Materials: No data available.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

2-Propanol LD 50: > 5,000 mg/kg

LD 50 (Rat): 5.84 g/kg

Benzene, trimethyl- LD 50: < 2,000 mg/kg

Tetramethrin LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- LD 50 (Rat): 2,260 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- LD 50 (Rat): 6,000 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- LD 50 (Rat): 6,000 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl- LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Dermal

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

2-Propanol

LD 50: > 5,000 mg/kg

Benzene, trimethyl-

LD 50: < 2,000 mg/kg

Tetramethrin

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-

LD 50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-

LD 50 (Rat): 3,440 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

LC 50: > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l

2-Propanol

LC 50: > 100 mg/l

LC 50: > 100 mg/l

Carbon dioxide

LC 50: > 20 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l

Benzene, trimethyl-

LC 50: > 20 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l

Tetramethrin

LC 50: > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-

LC 50: > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l LC 0 (Rat): 22.1 mg/l

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-

LC 50: 11 mg/l LC 50: 10 mg/l

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-

LC 50: > 5 mg/l

LC 50. > 5 mg/r

LC 50 (Rat): 10,200 mg/m3

LC 50: > 20 mg/l

Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-

LC 50: > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): >= 24 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 70 - 147 d): 750 mg/kg Oral Experimental result,

Key study

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

2-Propanol NOAEL (Rat, Inhalation, >= 104 Weeks): 5,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 28 d): > 535.8 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key

uay

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 125 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 - 91 d): 600 mg/kg Oral Read-across

from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 1,800 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 1,800 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 - 91 d): 600 mg/kg Oral Experimental

result, Key study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

2-Propanol in vivo (Rabbit): Not Classified Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, (1methylethyl)- in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,2,4-

trimethyl-

in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across from supporting substance (structural

analogue or surrogate), Supporting study

Benzene, 1,3,5-

trimethyl-

in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated light

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

2-Propanol Rabbit, 1 d: Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation

Irritating.

Benzene, (1-

methylethyl)-

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Benzene, 1,3,5-

trimethyl-

Rabbit, 30 min: Not irritating

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

hydrotreated light

2-Propanol Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising Senzene, (1- Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

methylethyl)-

Benzene, 1,2,4- Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

trimethyl-

Benzene, 1,3,5- Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

trimethyl-

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanol Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

hydrotreated light

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanol LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 9,640 mg/l Experimental result, Key

study

Tetramethrin LC 50 (Carp (Cyprinus carpio), 96 h): 0.095 - 0.16 mg/l Mortality

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 4.8 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 7.72 mg/l Experimental result, Key

study

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- LC 50 (Carassius auratus, 96 h): 12.52 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanol LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h): > 10,000 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Tetramethrin LC 50 (Water Flea (Scapholeberis kingi), 3 h): 1.8 - 2.4 mg/l Mortality

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- EC 10 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.3 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 3.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 0.098 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- NOAEL (Danio rerio; Pimephales promelas): 0.38 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key

study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 0.35 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 1.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- NOAEL (Daphnia magna); 2 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): +/- 50 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hvdrotreated light

61 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

2-Propanol 53 % (5 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- 70 % (20 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

2 % (60 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- 96 % (13 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence

study

 $80\ \%$ (5 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Weight of Evidence study

38 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Weight of Evidence study

92 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Weight of Evidence study

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- > 0 % (192 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence

study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 94.69 Aquatic sediment Estimated by

calculation, Key study

Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 33 - < 275 Aquatic

sediment Experimental result, Supporting study

Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 20 - 342 Aquatic sediment

Experimental result, Supporting study

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light No data available. 2-Propanol No data available. Carbon dioxide No data available Benzene, trimethyl-No data available. Tetramethrin No data available. Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-No data available. Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-No data available. Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-No data available. Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-No data available.

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local

laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2.1
Label(s): –
Packing Group: II
Marine Pollutant: No

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

IMDG

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2 Label(s): -

EmS No.: F-D, S-U

Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: Yes Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number: UN 1950

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: 2.1
Label(s): –

Packing Group: –

Environmental Hazards: Yes Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated. Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity Reportable quantity

2-Propanol lbs. 100 Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- lbs. 5000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard

Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards

Flammable aerosol Carcinogenicity Aspiration Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Reportable Threshold Planning

<u>Chemical Identity</u> <u>quantity</u> <u>Quantity</u>

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Chemical Identity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

2 Propagal

2-Propanol lbs. 100 Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- lbs. 5000

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
2-Propanol	10000 lbs
Carbon dioxide	10000 lbs
Benzene, trimethyl-	10000 lbs
Tetramethrin	10000 lbs
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	10000 lbs
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

	Reporting threshold	Reporting threshold for
Chemical Identity	for other users	manufacturing and processing
2-Propanol	lbs	lbs.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3) US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- Carcinogenic. 05 2011

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light 2-Propanol Carbon dioxide

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light 2-Propanol Carbon dioxide

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Stockholm convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Rotterdam convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Revision Date: 02/27/2020

Kyoto protocol

Inventory Status:

Australia AICS: On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada DSL Inventory List: Not in compliance with the inventory.

EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan (ENCS) List: Not in compliance with the inventory.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:

On or in compliance with the inventory

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): Not in compliance with the inventory.

Canada NDSL Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Philippines PICCS: Not in compliance with the inventory.

US TSCA Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:

On or in compliance with the inventory

Japan ISHL Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Mexico INSQ: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Ontario Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date: 02/27/2020

Revision Information: No data available.

Version #: 1.0

Further Information: FIFRA: This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States

Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling

requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to

be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.